The turkey is a large American bird. Male turkeys are called toms and females are called hens. Toms are larger and more colorful than hens. The long fleshy skin over a turkey's beak is called a snood. The skin that hangs down from the neck is called a wattle. The wild tom turkey's feathers are black, gray, or brown. He has a long, dark, fan-shaped tail and glossy bronze wings. Hens have feathers that are duller in shades of brown and gray. Wild turkeys eat acorns, nuts, seeds, berries, roots, grasses, insects, spiders, snails, crabs, amphibians, and small reptiles. Turkeys are very social birds. In the spring, summer, and fall, a flock may have about 50 birds. In the winter, as many as 200 turkeys may flock together.
Turkey Vocabulary

flock  wattle  snood
tom     beak     hen

Turkeys live in a group of birds called a _____________.

A turkey’s mouth is called a _____________.

The skin that hangs down over its beak is called its _________________.

The skin that hangs down from its neck is called its _________________.

A father turkey is called a _____________.

A mother turkey is called a _____________.

Use the word bank to fill in the blanks with turkey vocabulary words.
All About Turkeys

What is the skin that hangs down over a turkey's beak called?

Why do turkeys live in a flock?

How many birds can be in a turkey flock?
Turkeys

eat

dare

have
All About Turkeys

Focus Statement:

Turkeys are animals to learn about.

Fact 1:

Fact 2:

Fact 3:

Conclusion:

That is what I learned about turkeys.