Robins are songbirds with large, round bodies, long legs, and long tail feathers. They are grayish-brown with orange bellies and dark heads. Females have lighter colored feathers on their heads than males. They have a light-yellow bill and white spots around their eyes. Robins live in North America. Some groups of robins migrate to warmer areas in the winter to eat fruit. Others stay in the same place year-round. A male and a female robin will become partners for the mating season. The mother robin builds the nest on a tree branch. It's made of grasses and twigs held together with mud. The mother bird lays four blue eggs and incubates them for about two weeks. Both parents feed the newly hatched chicks. Robins are active mostly during the day and roost in large flocks at night. They are among the earliest birds to sing in the morning. They move about by running, hopping, and flying. Robins eat fruits, berries, grubs, earthworms, and caterpillars. A robin's predators are hawks, cats, and snakes. Robins live about two years but have been known to live up to 14 years.
Robins are grayish-brown and orange with yellow ____________________.

Some robins _________________ to find fruit.

A group of birds is called a ____________________.

A bird’s sleeping place is its ____________________.

The mother robin builds the ____________________.

Keeping eggs warm is called ____________________.

Some of the eggs may not ____________________.

Baby birds are called ____________________.

Robin parents have to watch out for ____________________ like snakes and hawks that might eat eggs and baby chicks.
All About Robins

What do robins look like?

Do robins migrate?

What do robins do in the morning?
All About Robins

Focus Statement:
Robins are

birds to learn about.

Fact 1:

Fact 2:

Fact 3:

Conclusion:
That is what I learned about robins.